

PHP Form Processing

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SUBJECT - PHP

TITLE - PHP Form Processing

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Working with Forms in PHP

Creating a form
Accessing the submitted data
Common operations on forms
Form Processing

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1 - Creating a form



Form creation - <form> Tag

<form action = "..." method = "...">



- action = URL
- method = GET/POST



Text field - <input> Tag

For single line text input:

<input type = "text"
name = "mytextfield"
value = "initial value"
size = "50"
maxlength = "50"/>



Password - <input>

For single line masked text input

<input type = "password" name = "pwd"/>



Radio button - <input>

Single choice

Male: <input type = "radio"
name = "gender" value="Male"/>
Female: <input type = "radio"
name = "gender"
value="Female"/>

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Checkbox - <input>

Multiple choice

<input type = "checkbox" name = "sailing"/>



Drop-down list <select><option>

Single choice

<select name="country" size="1">
 <option value="UK">United Kingdom</option>
 <option value="USA">United States of
 America</option>
 <option value="NK">North Korea</option>
 <option value="BE">Belgium</option>
 </select>



(multiple) selection list <select><option>

Multiple choice

<select name="country[]" size="3"
multiple="multiple">

<option value="UK">United
Kingdom</option>

<option value="USA">United States of
America</option>

<option value="NK">North
Korea</option>

<option value="BE">Belgium</option>
</select>



Text area - <textarea>

For multiple line text input

<textarea name="myTextArea"
 cols="30"
 rows="5">

</textarea>



Hidden fields - <input>

To send information with the form

<input type="hidden" name="hidden1" value="Form example for demo"/>

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Button - <input> or <button>

<input type="submit" name="submitButton" value="Submit Form"/>

<button type="submit"

name="submitButton">

SubmitForm

</button>



2 - How to access the submitted data?



Using PHP

- Data stored in a variable
- Depends on submission method:
 - GET
 - POST
- If POST, either:
 - \$varName (requires special configuration)
 - \$_POST['varName'] (recommended)
 - \$HTTP_POST_VARS['varName']
- If GET, use:
 - \$_GET['varName']



Two basic approaches

- Approach 1
 - HTML form
 - PHP script to process it
- Approach 2
 - PHP script containing the form and the processing script:

<form action =

"<?php echo \$_SERVER['PHP_SELF']; ?>" method="post">



Examples

- Display content of \$_POST
- Display value of text input field
- Display value of the hidden field
- Display content of the text area
- Display value(s) of (multiple) selection list

3 - Common operations



1. Check existence

Has a variable been set?

echo "Option 2 wasn't
selected.";



2. Check which button was pressed

• Same as above

if (isset(\$_POST['button1']))
 echo "Button 1 was pressed";
elseif (isset(\$_POST['button2']))
 echo "Button 2 was pressed";
else

echo "no button pressed";

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3. Email data

\$to = "m.rutter@napier.ac.uk";
\$subject = "form data";
\$body = "Country chosen by the user:
 \$_POST['country1'] ";

mail(\$to,\$subject,\$body);

Requires appropriate server configuration (this is not permitted on the school's server).



Example 1: mandatory text field

- Check that the value of the text field contains characters and redirect the user accordingly
- Two cases:
 - 1. Separate form and processing script
 - 2. Processing is done in the form



Example 1 : Case 1

- In processing script:
 - <?php
 if (\$_POST['myTextField'] == '') {
 header("location: form.html");
 }?>
- Problem:
 - No information regarding the error is passed back to the form
- Solution:
 - Make the form a PHP script
 - Send back some information about the error
 - Will be done in the tutorial



Example 2: directed study validate phone number

- Requirement: ensure that phone number has the following format: +44dddddddddd, where d is a digit.
- Hint:
 - Check that the string has 13 characters
 - Check that the first three characters (substring) is equal to '+44'.



4. Error checking

- Ensure entered data is valid
- Examples
 - Mandatory fields
 - Postcode format
 - Phone number format
 - Date format
 - etc



Variable scope



Six scope rules – directed study

- Built-in superglobal
- Constants
- Global (2 flavours)
- Static
- Local (by default)



Super globals

- \$_GLOBALS
- \$_SERVER
- \$_GET
- \$_POST
- \$_COOKIE
- \$_FILES
- \$_ENV
- \$_REQUEST
- \$_SESSION



Summary

- Form creation
- Form processing
- Some common operations
- To be completed during the tutorial